

Navigating a Changing Polyolefins Trade Landscape

APIC 2025 - Thailand

16 May 2025



Build your competitive advantage on a perspective that spans the value chain



Use our independent, expert analysis across the entire value chain to make better commercial decisions.

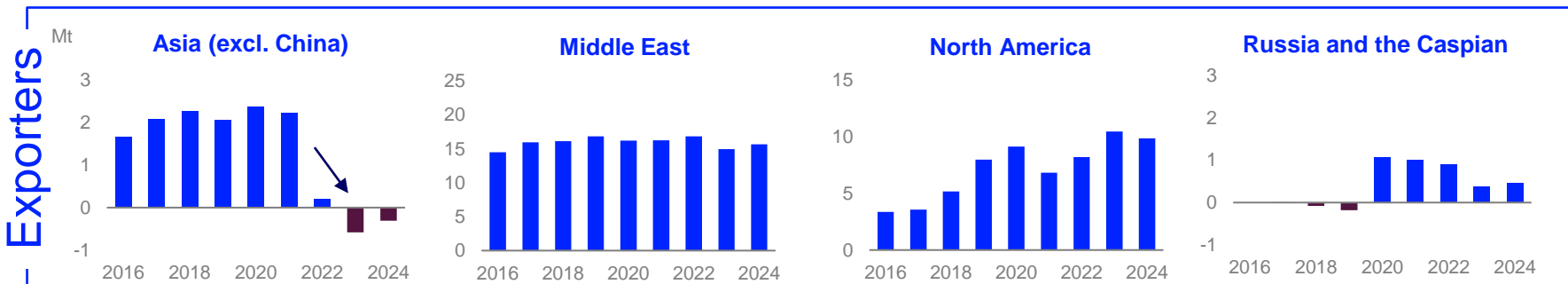
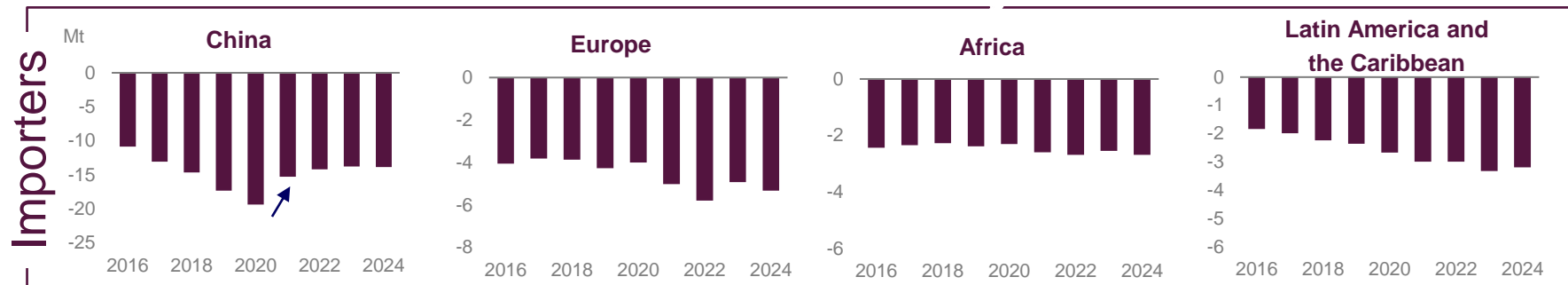
APIC 2025 - Thailand

- 1 2018 – 2024 Polyolefins trade flow situation
- 2 Key factors affecting polyolefins trade flow in 2025-2030
- 3 2025-2030 Trade flow forecast

2018 – 2024 Polyolefins trade flow situation

Global Polyethylene Trade

Global trade volume under pressure due to greater self-sufficiency in China, rising geopolitical tensions and protectionist measures across key regions. Asia ex China, Europe, Africa and Latin America to become larger net importers over time.



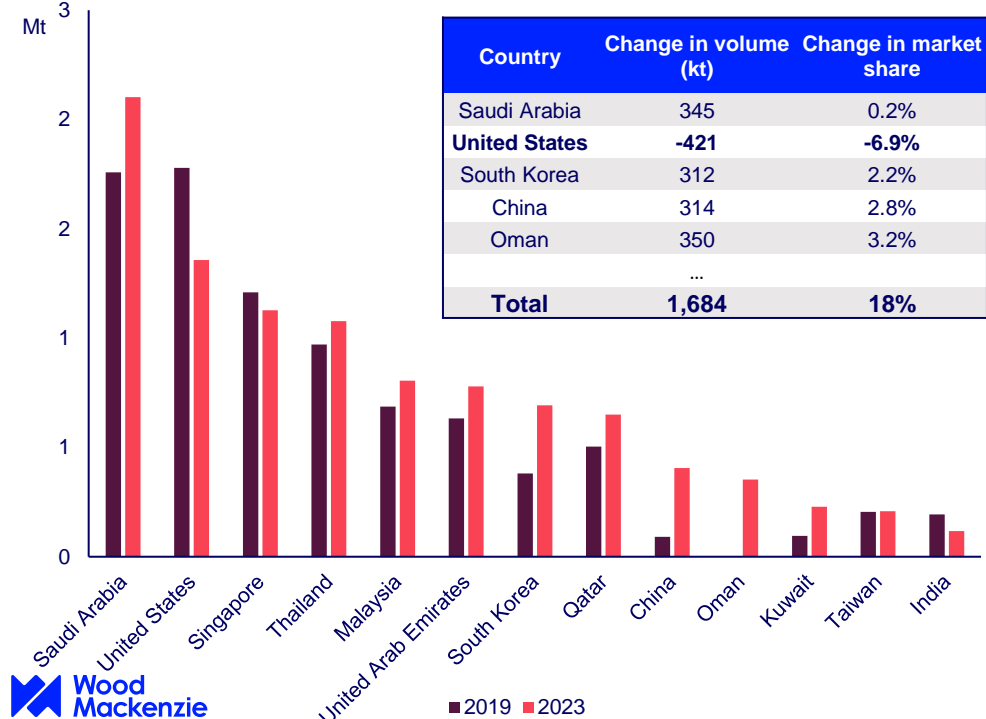
Net import

Net export

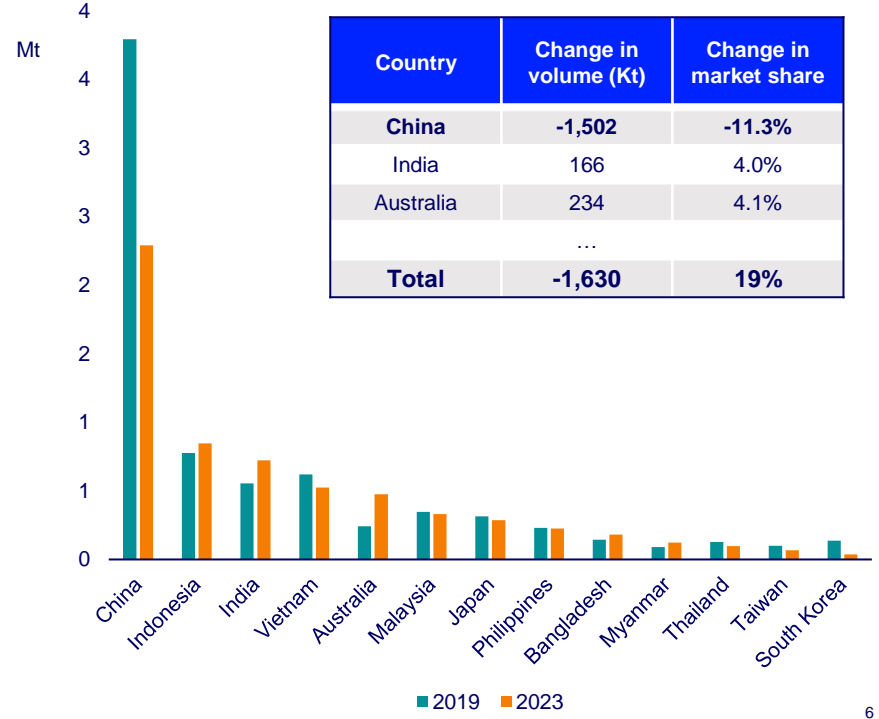
US is losing market share in Asian (Excl. China) polyethylene importing market

Less export to China due to its higher self-sufficiency

Polyethylene trade partners for ASEAN + South Asia, Import



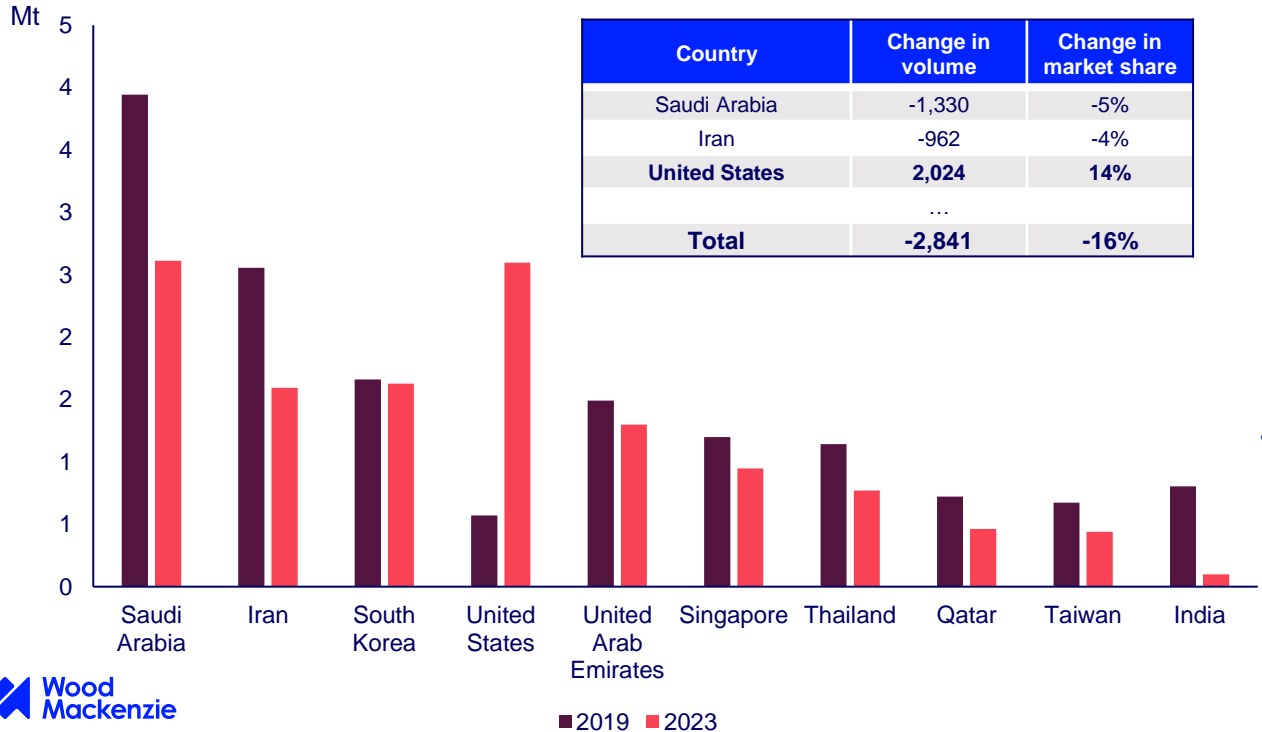
Polyethylene trade partners for ASEAN + South Asia, Export



The US-origin PE cargoes higher China's market share against the trend

Additional two million tons of US-origin PE were shipped to China 2019 vs 2023, gaining 14% increase in market share

Polyethylene trade partners for China, Import



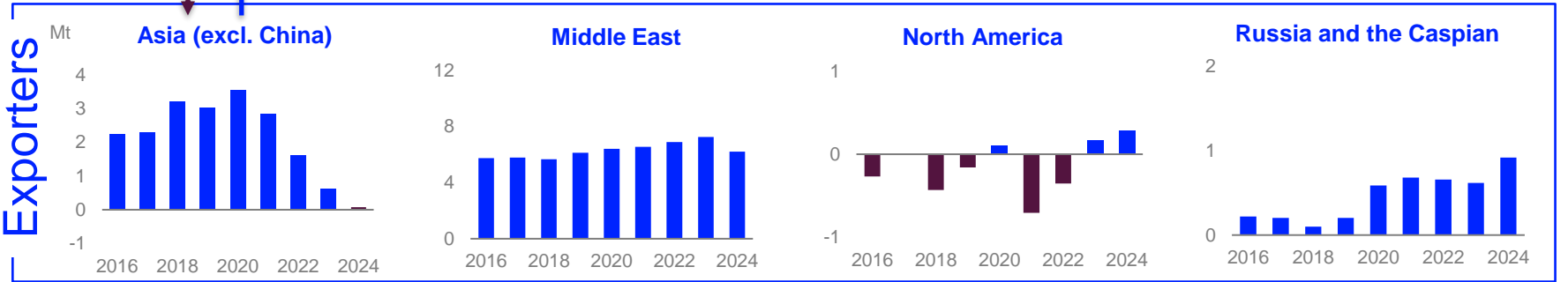
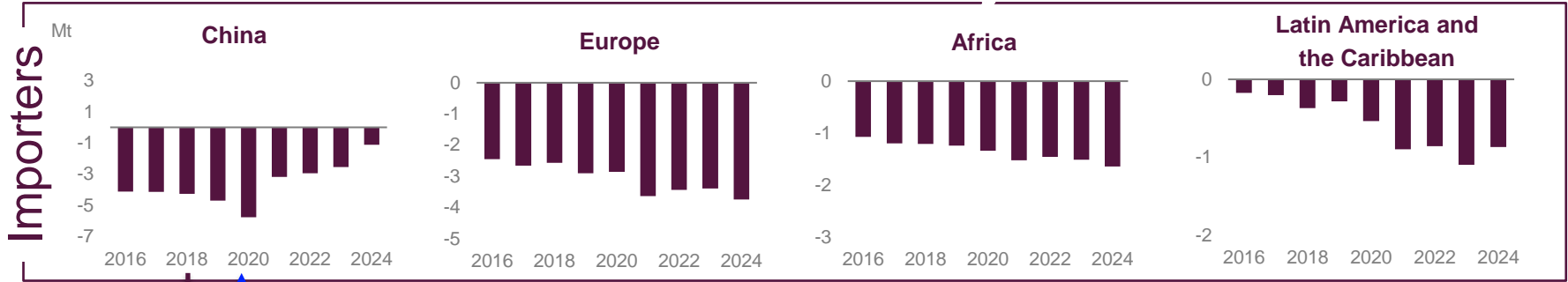
Country	Change in volume	Change in market share
Saudi Arabia	-1,330	-5%
Iran	-962	-4%
United States	2,024	14%
...
Total	-2,841	-16%

- The US-origin market share rose against the trend despite lower total PE imports into China, up by 2 million tons or 14% of market share from 2019 to 2023.
 - Strong demand for high grades
 - Cheaper freight
 - Ends of Trade-war V1
 - Weaker demand during Covid for other regions
- The rest of world's PE exports to China fell, notably from the Middle Eastern region, down by 2.79 million or 15.9% of market share for the same period.



Global Polypropylene Trade

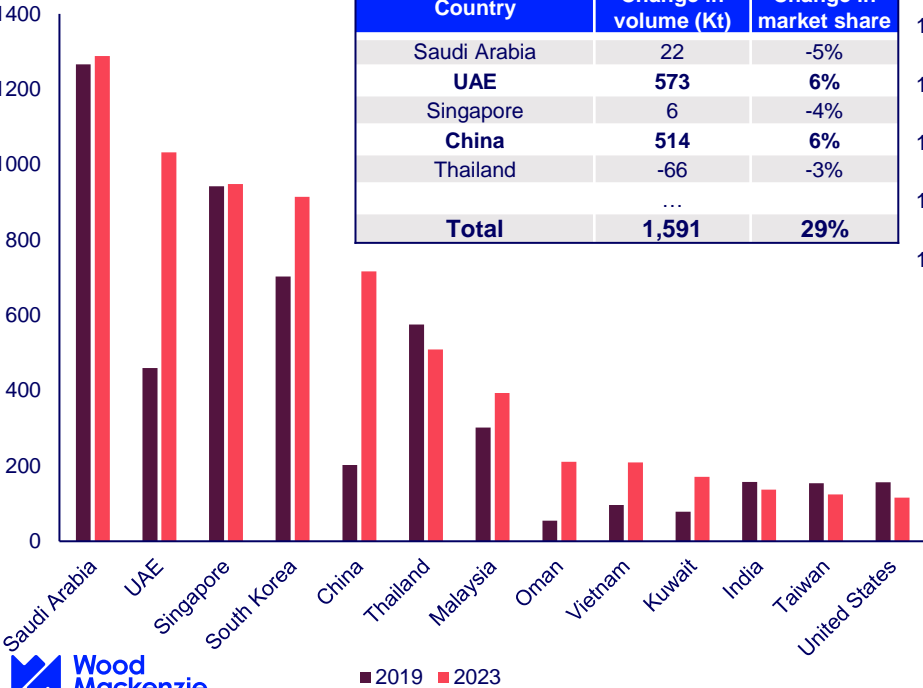
China PP import shrinking post 2020 amid capacity expansion, also lead to Asia (excluding China) lower export, coupled with strong regional demand growth. Europe, Africa and Latin America to remain net importers.



Fast-growing polypropylene supply in China is impacting the Asian trade dynamic

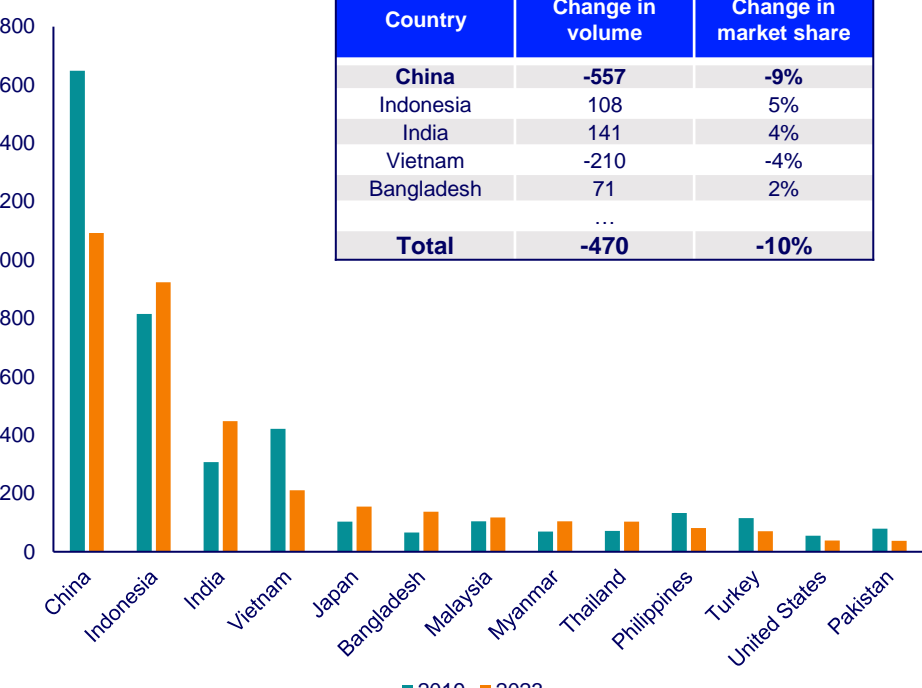
Asian PP trade volume vs China flipped by over one million tons from 2019 to 2023

Polypropylene trade partners for ASEAN + South Asia, Import



Country	Change in volume (Kt)	Change in market share
Saudi Arabia	22	-5%
UAE	573	6%
Singapore	6	-4%
China	514	6%
Thailand	-66	-3%
...		
Total	1,591	29%

Polypropylene trade partners for ASEAN + South Asia, Export

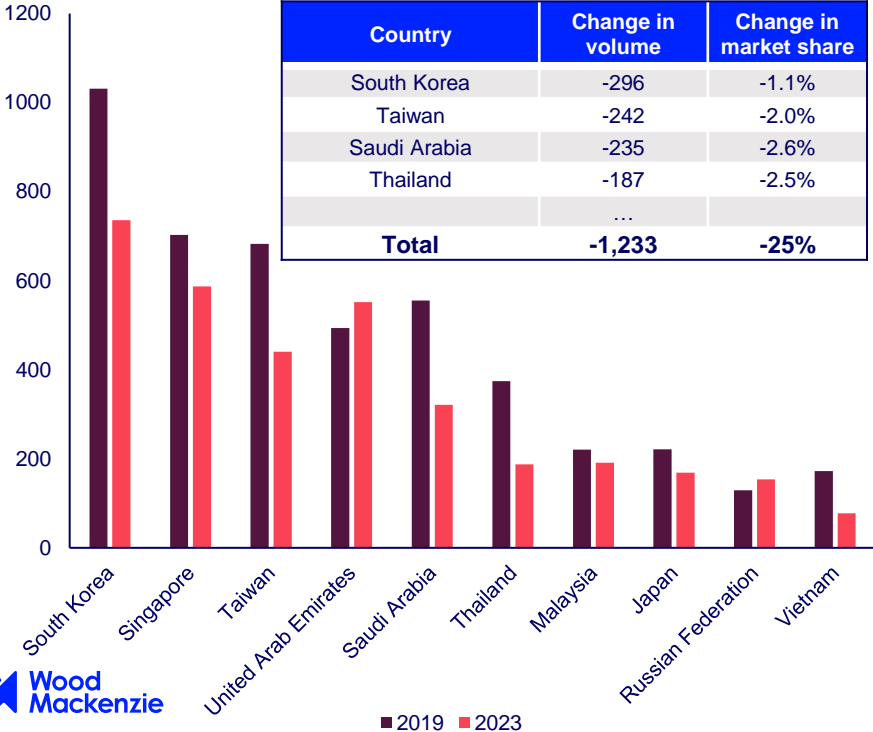


Country	Change in volume	Change in market share
China	-557	-9%
Indonesia	108	5%
India	141	4%
Vietnam	-210	-4%
Bangladesh	71	2%
...		
Total	-470	-10%

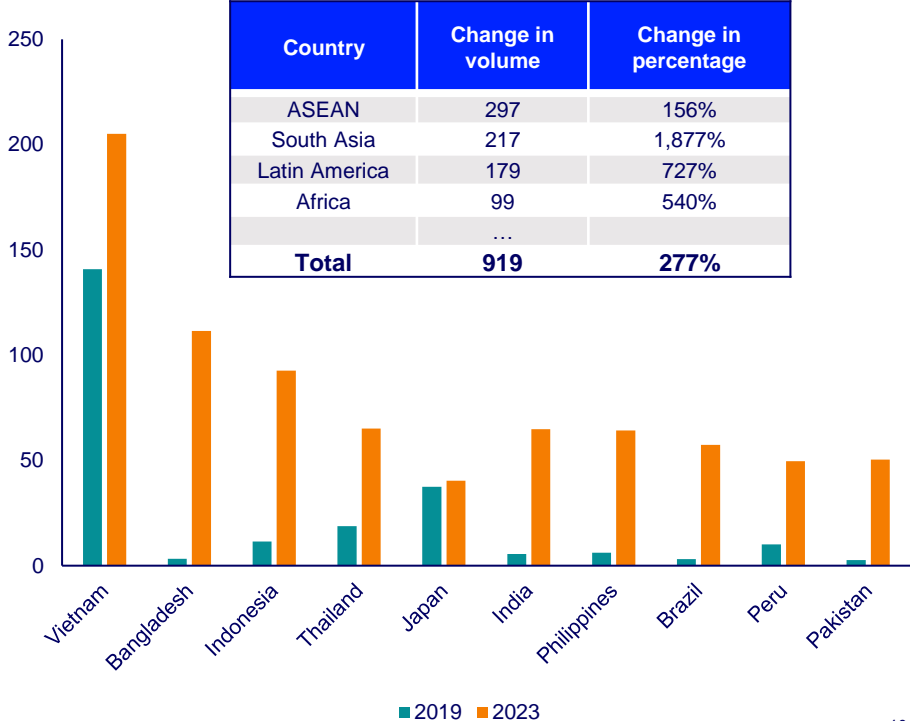
China PP trade evolution, amid rapid growing capacity

China's PP trade position flipped by more than two millions tons from 2019

Polypropylene trade partners for China, Import



Polypropylene trade partners for China, Export



Key factors affecting polyolefins trade flow in 2025-2030

Please note all Supply and Demand figures are based on pre-Tariff

Polyolefins indicators

Key factors affecting polyolefins market

Disruptive impacts have been a feature of global markets this year, including:

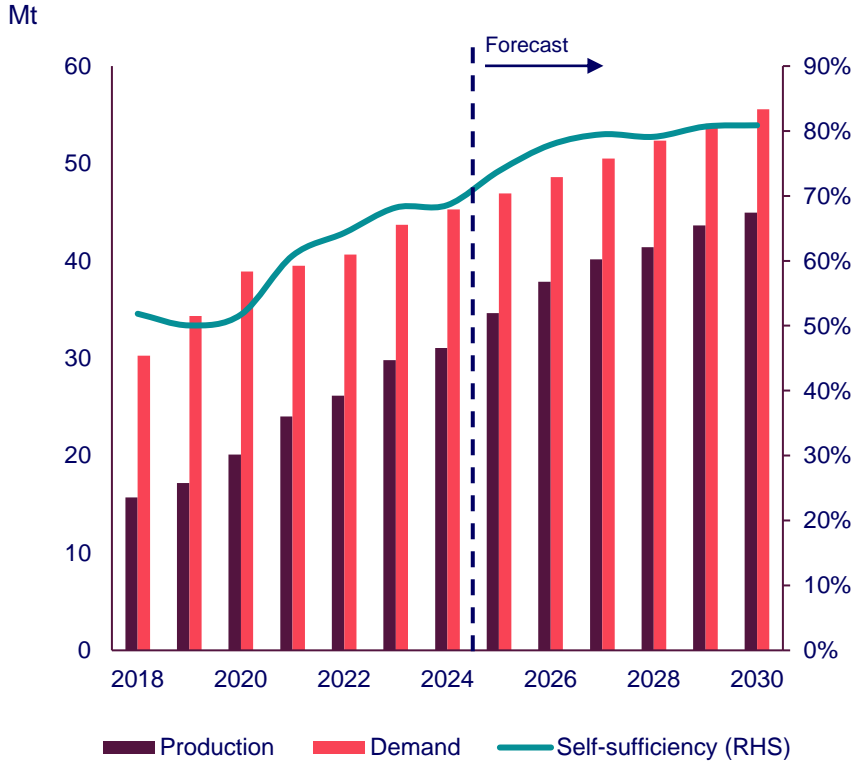
- Russia-Ukraine conflict
- Economic slowdown (Potentially recession)
- Trade wars
- Geo-political conflict
- Logistic interruption
- Overcapacity
- Volatile feedstock cost
- Waste and recycling
- Carbon emission reduction
- Plastic usage legislation



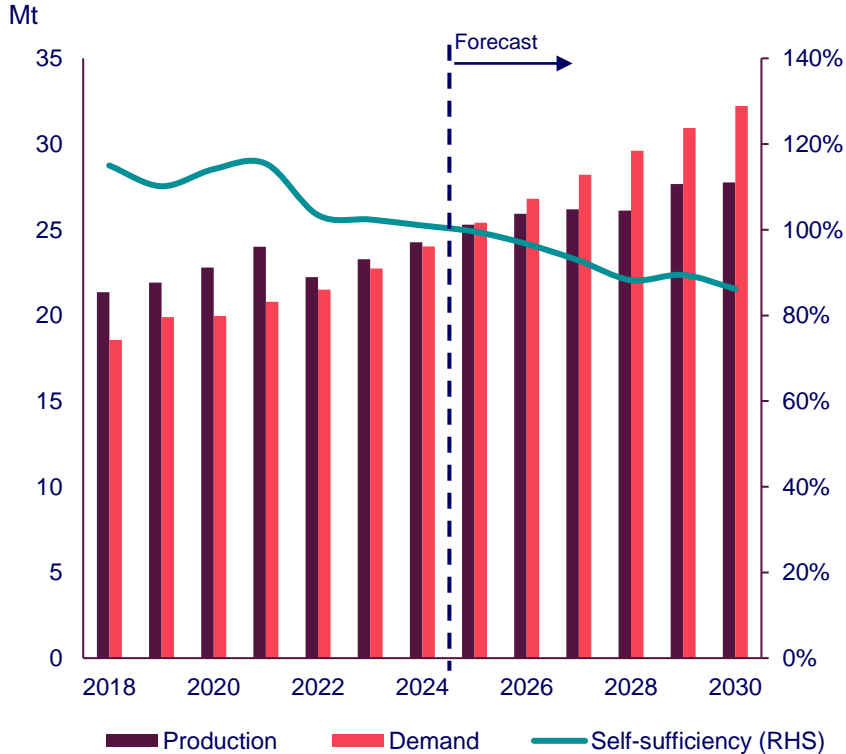
Polyethylene

Asian PE self-sufficiency trend is leading the shift of regional trade flow

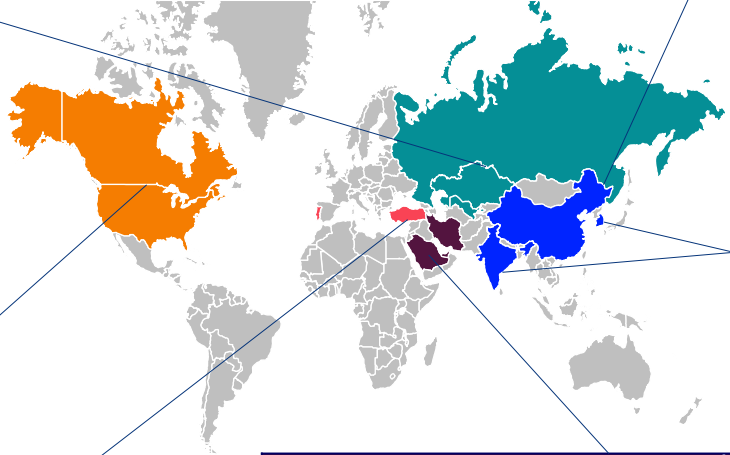
China PE S/D balance 2018-2030



Asia (Excl. China) PE S/D balance 2018-2030



Global PE capacity to grow by 45.3 million tons in next 5 years



Projects - Russia and Caspian	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
Russia - Irkutsk Oil Company	Jul-25	650
Russia - Kazanorgsintez JSC	Jan-26	100
Russia - Nizhnekamskneftekhim JSC - (NKNK)	Jan-29	300
Russia - Sibur Amur GCC	2026-2028	2,400
Uzbekistan - Uzbekneftegaz	Jan-26	280
Uzbekistan - Jizzakh Petroleum	Aug-27	180
Kazakhstan - KazMunayGas	Jan-28	1,250
		~5.46 million

Projects - China	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
PetroChina Guangxi Petrochemical Company	Oct-25	1,150
SABIC Fujian Petrochemical Co., Ltd.	Jul-26	1,000
Sinopec Maoming Petrochemical Company	Jul-26	600
CNOOC and Shell Petrochemicals Company Limited (CSPC)	Mar-28	1,000
...		~24.6 million

Projects - North America	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
USA - Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LLC	Jul-26	2000
Canada - Dow Chemical Canada	Jul-30	2000
		~4 million

Projects - Asia (Excl. China)	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
India - HPCL Rajasthan Refinery Ltd	Mar-26	1,000
India - Bharat Petroleum	Jan-29	1,150
South Korea - Hanwha Solution - GS Energy EVA	Oct-25	300
South Korea - S-Oil	Apr-26	1,320
Brunei Hengyi Industries	Jan-29	1,050
		~4.82 million

Projects - Europe	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
Portugal - Repsol Chemicals	Jan-26	300
Turkey - SASA	Jan-30	1,100
		~1.4 million

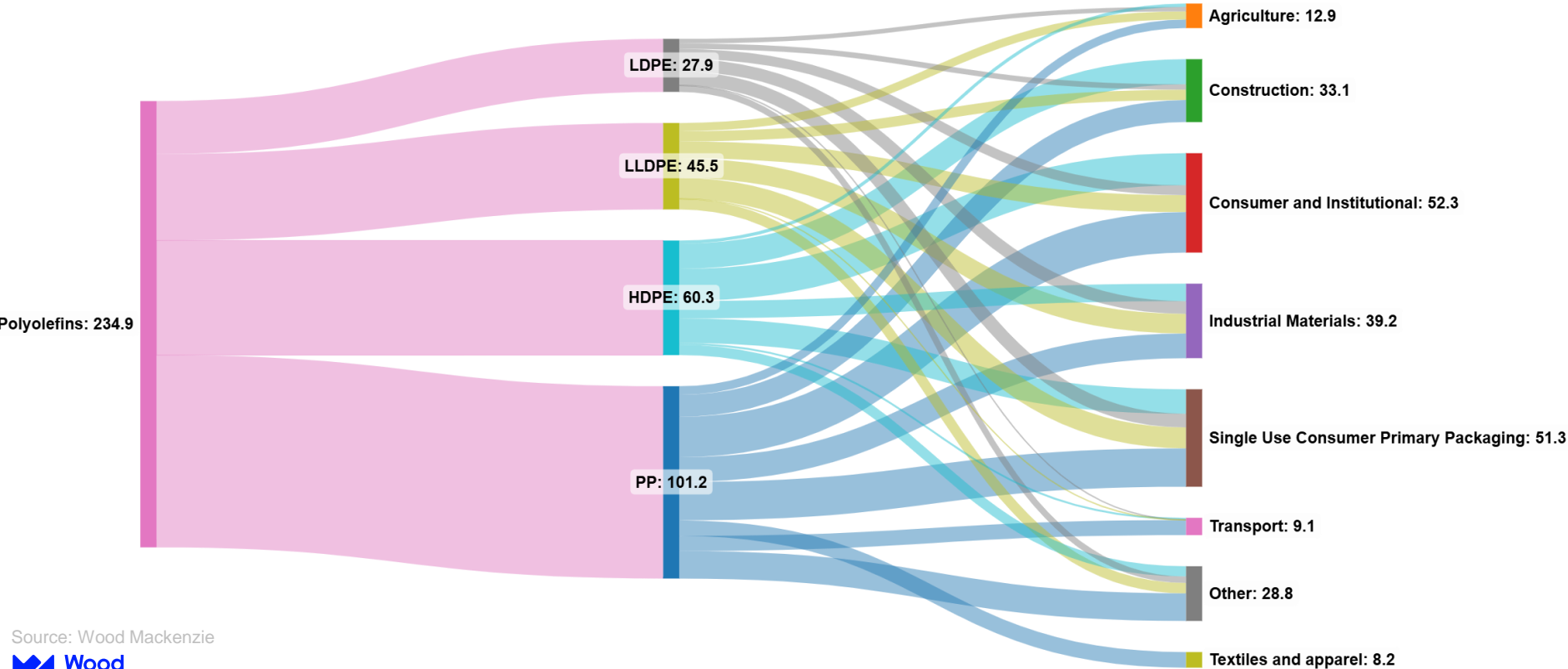
Projects - Middle East	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
Iran - Bushehr Petrochemical	Jan-26	300
Iran - Dehdasht Petrochemical	Jan-26	300
UAE - Abu Dhabi Polymers Company Ltd. (Borouge)	Jun-26	1,400
QatarEnergy/CP Chem JV	Jul-27	1,700
Saudi Aramco Total Refining and Petrochemical - Satorp	Jul-27	1,200
Saudi Arabia - Al-Saidi Trading and Industry	Jan-29	150
		~5.05 million

Olefins value chain rationalization underway, mainly in Europe due to weak outlook

Company	Country	Year of shutdown	Capacity (kt)	Comments
ExxonMobil	France	2025	425 E, 225 P	Closure
Versalis	Italy	2025	440 E, 230 P	
SABIC	Netherlands	2024	590 E, 335 P	
Versalis	Italy	2022	490 E, 245 P	
Total	Belgium	2027	610 E, 310 P	
Versalis	Italy	Expected 2025	490 E, 280 P	
SABIC	United Kingdom	n/a	865 E to 450 E, 400 P to 0 P	
Dow	Netherlands	2025	600 E, 300 P	Indefinite idling for economic reasons
PKN Orlen	Poland	n/a	740 E, 370 P	New capacity postponed to 2030, may be cancelled
Eneos	Japan	2027-2028	448 E, 260 P	Closure
Maruzen Petrochemical	Japan	2026	525 E, 280 P	
Petrochina Fushun	China	2022	140 E, 70 P	
Sinopec Tianjin	China	2022	200 E, 100 P	
Petrochina Jilin	China	2022	150 E	
Petrochina Lanzhou	China	2025-2026	240 E, 120 P	
Petrochina Dushanzi	China	2025-2026	220 E	
Sinopec Maoming	China	2026	380 E	Closure due to incident, to rebuild new cracker starting 2027
Sinopec Qilu	China	2023	800 E, 400 P	

Company	Country	Asset Type	Year of shutdown	Capacity (kt)	Comments	
Total	Belgium	PP	2021	145	Closure	
LyondellBasell	Italy	PP	2024	235		
ExxonMobil	France	LLDPE	2025	425		
ExxonMobil	France	PP	2025	270		
Versalis	Italy	LDPE	Latest 2029	170		
PKN Orlen	Poland	LDPE	n/a	250		New capacity postponed to 2030, may be cancelled

Polyolefins demand by application in 2024



Source: Wood Mackenzie

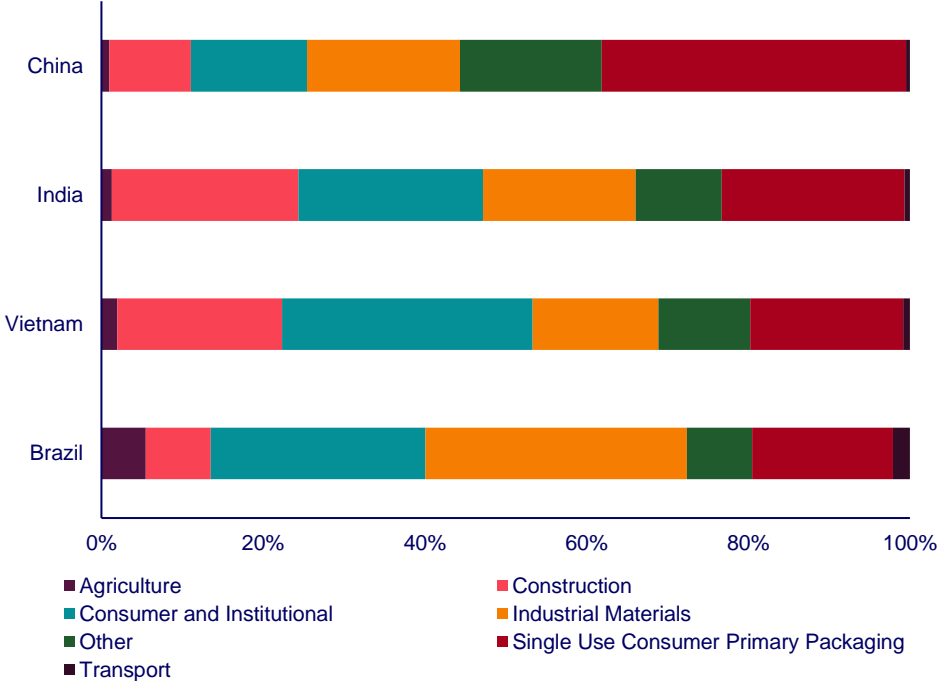


Top 10 Countries for Polyethylene Demand

India is expected to have the highest polyethylene demand growth rate over next five years at 7.5% p.a.

Country	2024 Demand Volume, Mt	2025-2030 Annual Growth
China	45.3	3.4%
United States	13.6	2.7%
India	8.3	7.5%
Brazil	2.8	2.1%
Germany	2.8	0.3%
South Korea	2.7	0.3%
Japan	2.3	0.0%
Mexico	2.3	4.5%
Turkey	2.3	2.6%
Vietnam	2.2	6.5%

Demand growth by application in 2030



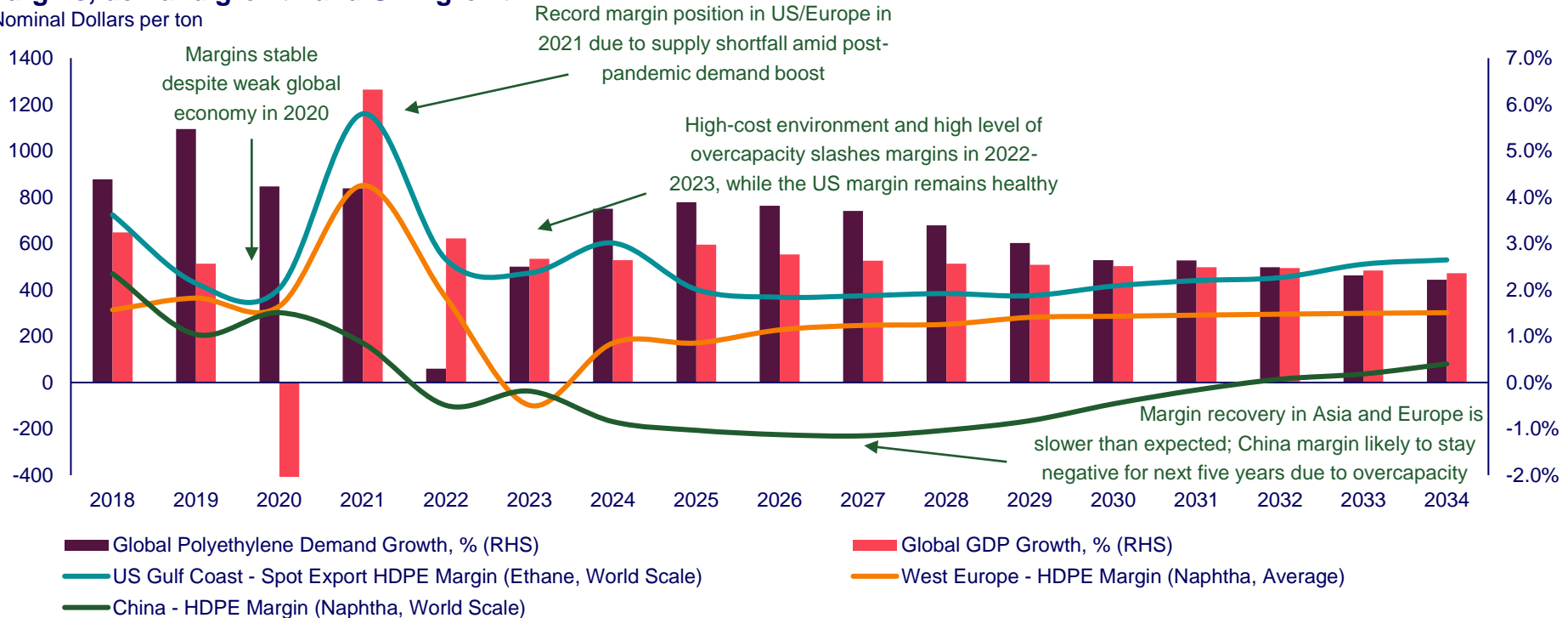
Source: Wood Mackenzie

Polyethylene margins under pressure in Asia and Europe from 2023 to 2031

Margins to be challenged by overcapacity, slow demand growth and volatile energy costs over the next decade.

Margins, demand growth and GDP growth

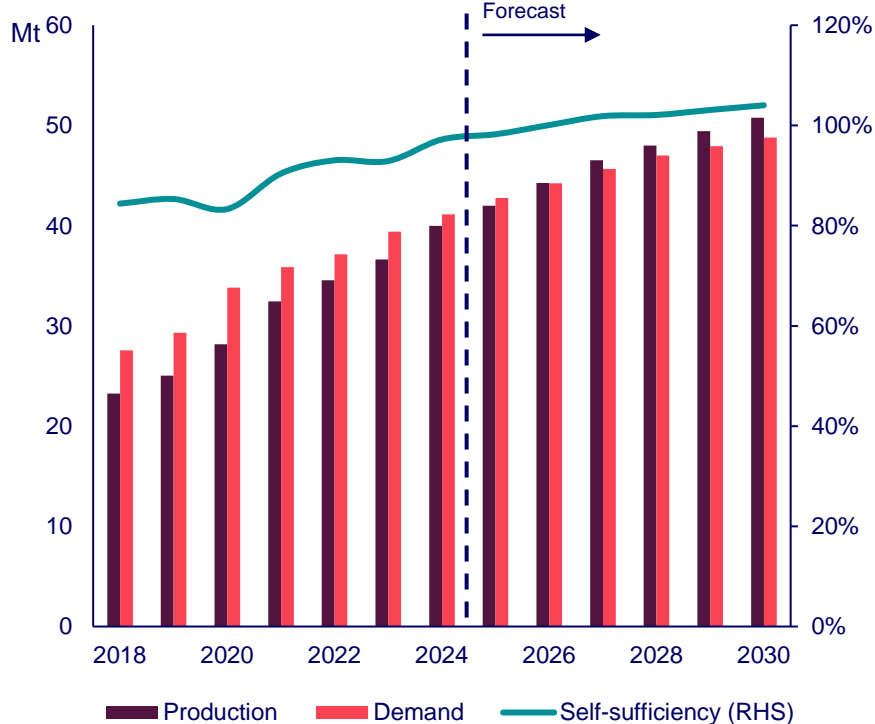
Nominal Dollars per ton



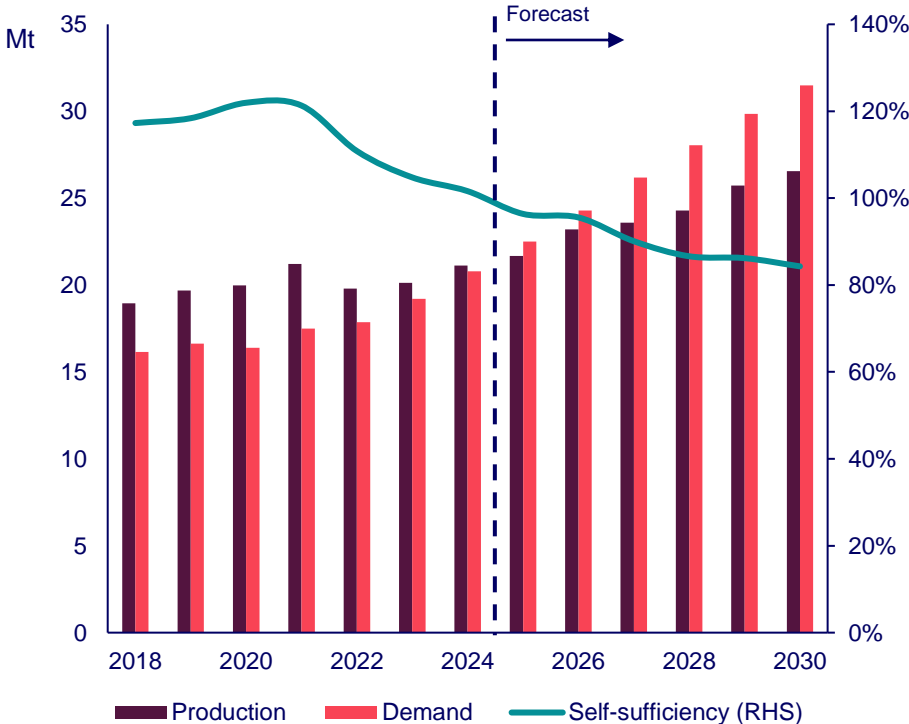
Polypropylene

Asian polypropylene fundamentals reshape trade flow

China PP S/D balance 2018-2030



Asia (Excl. China) PP S/D balance 2018-2030

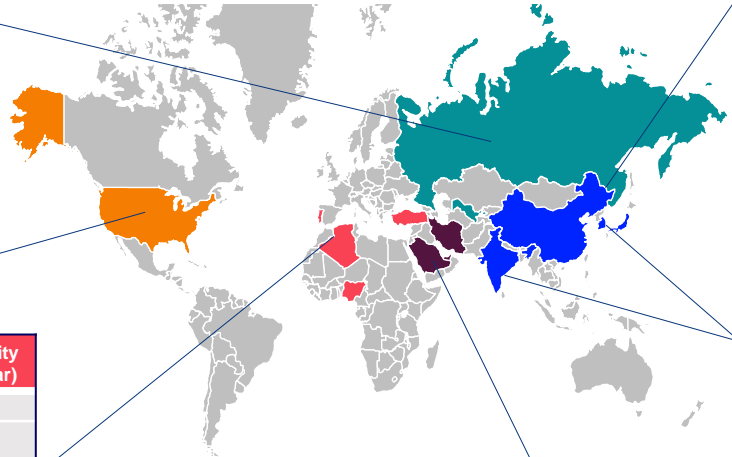


Global PP capacity to expand by 32 million tons in next 5 years

Projects - Russia and Caspian	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
Russia - Nizhnekamskneftekhim JSC - (NKNK)	Jan-29	400
Russia - Sibur Amur GCC	2026-2028	400
Uzbekistan - Jizzakh Petroleum	Aug-27	257
Uzbekistan - Uzbekneftegaz	Jan-26	100
		1.16 Million

Projects - North America	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
Formosa Plastics Corporation USA	Oct-25	250

Projects - Europe/Africa	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
Nigeria - Dangote Group	Jan-26	450
Algeria - STEP (Sonatrach Total Entreprise Polymeres)	Jul-27	550
Portugal - Repsol Chemicals	Jan-26	300
Turkey - Ceyhan Polipropilen Uretim	Jan-26	450
Turkey - SASA	2027-2029	2,000
Turkey - Bayegan Group	Jan-28	450
		~4.2 million



Projects - China	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
ExxonMobil Chemical Ventures Limited	Jun-25	850
Shandong Yulong Petrochemical Co., Ltd.	2025-27	1,100
CNOOC and Shell Petrochemicals Company Limited (CSPC)	Mar-28	500
Xinjiang Baofeng Coal-based New Material Co., Ltd., Changji	Jul-29	1,950
SABIC Fujian Petrochemical Co., Ltd.	Jul-26	950
...		~18.52 million

Projects - Asia (Excl. China)	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
Indian Oil Corporation Ltd, Barauni/Vadodara/Panipat	2025-2026	1,070
India - HPCL Rajasthan Refinery Ltd	Mar-26	910
India - Gail (India) Ltd, Raigad District/Pata	Apr-Oct 25	560
India - Chennai Petroleum Corp	Oct-26	475
India - Bharat Petroleum, Kochi/Bina	2027-2029	1,050
Indonesia - Lotte Chemical Indonesia	Jul-25	250
Brunei Hengyi Industries	Jan-29	1,000
Japan - Prime Polymer Co.	Jul-25	200
South Korea - S-Oil	Apr-26	250
		~5.77 million

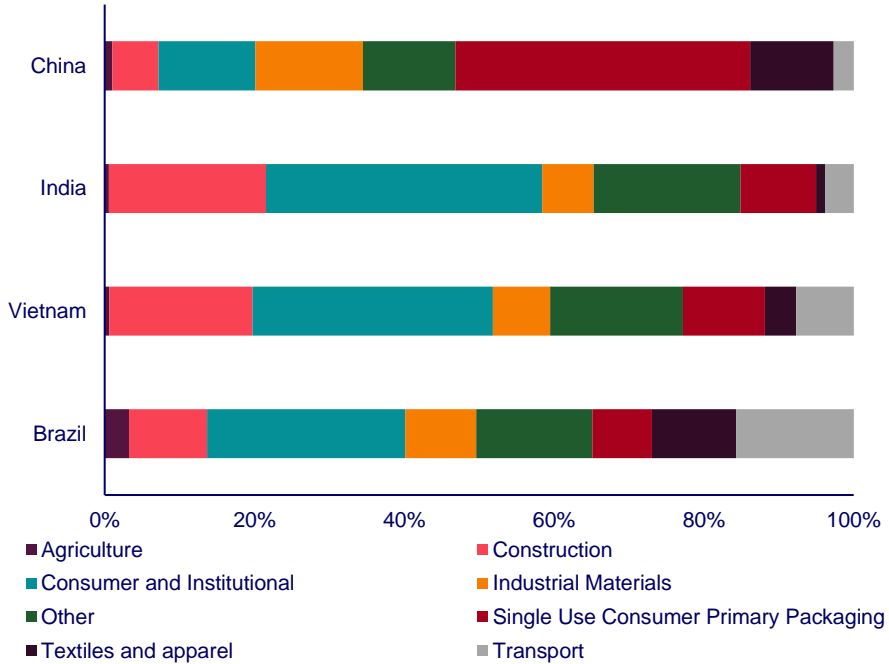
Projects - Middle East	Start-up time	Capacity (Kt/year)
Iran - Mehr Petro Kimia Co (Mepekco)	Jan-26	450
Iran - Mahestan Alay Petrochemical Company	Jul-25	450
Saudi Arabia - Advanced Petrochemical/SK Gas JV	May-25	800
Saudi Arabia - Alujain Holding Corporation	Jul-26	600
		~2.3 million

Top 10 Countries for Polypropylene Demand

India polypropylene demand growth is projected to be highest globally over next 5 years at 11.1% per year.

Country	2024 Demand Volume, Mt	2025-2030 Annual Growth
China	41.1	2.7%
India	8.0	11.1%
United States	6.2	2.9%
Turkey	2.5	2.7%
Indonesia	2.3	5.9%
Japan	2.3	0.3%
Vietnam	1.8	7.1%
South Korea	1.7	0.6%
Brazil	1.6	2.5%
Thailand	1.5	2.4%

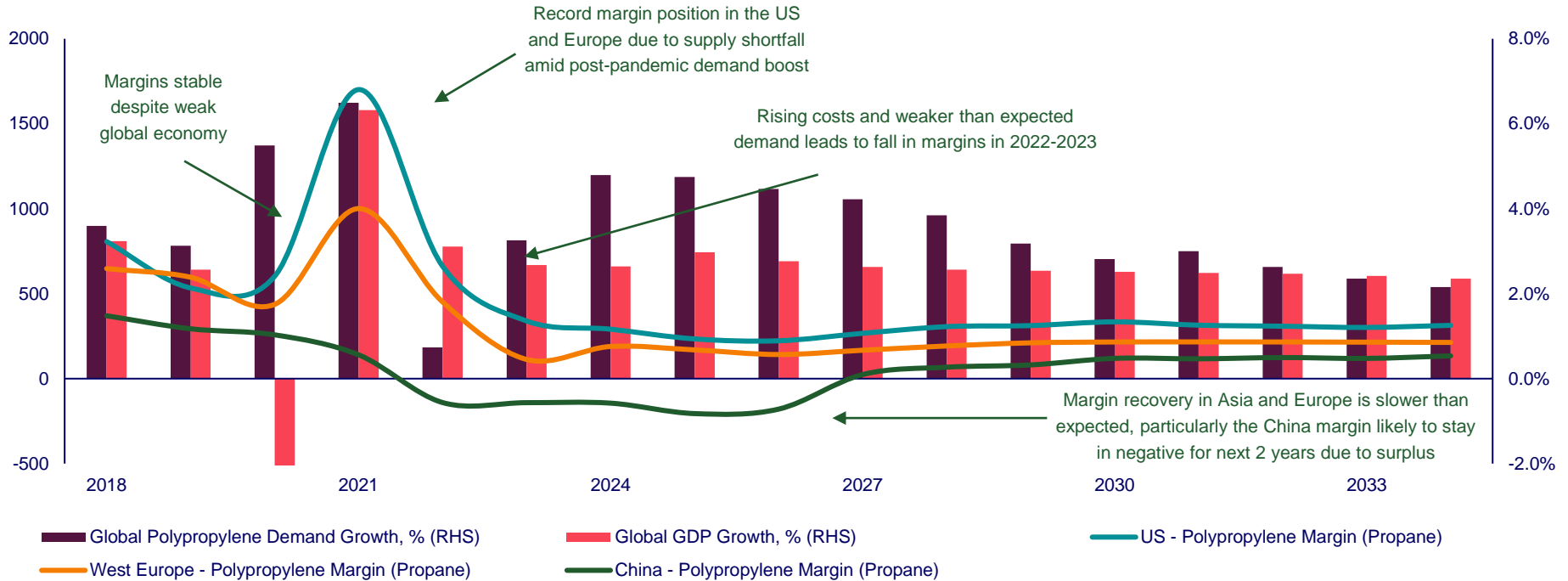
Year-on-Year Polypropylene Demand Growth, by application



Polypropylene margins under pressure in Asia 2023-2027

Polypropylene margins to be challenged by overcapacity, slow demand growth through the end of the decade.

Margins, demand growth and GDP growth



Regulatory landscape and trade barriers

Risks from various of angles will continue to damage the expansion of international trade

Examples of higher trade barriers in polyolefins trade market

Country	Products	Time	Details	Status	Against
Brazil	PE	Nov, 2024	ADD*	Under investigation	US and Canada
Brazil	PP	Feb, 2024	ADD	Implemented	US
Philippine	HDPE	Oct 2023-2025	Safeguard	Implemented	All
India	LDPE	Apr. 2023	ADD	Implemented	Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Thailand, and the US
Indonesia	PP - block copolymers	Feb, 2025	ADD	Under investigation	South Korea, Vietnam, UAE, Malaysia, Singapore
Indonesia	PE/PP	Feb, 2024	Import quota	Reportedly suspended	All

ADD = Anti-dumping duty

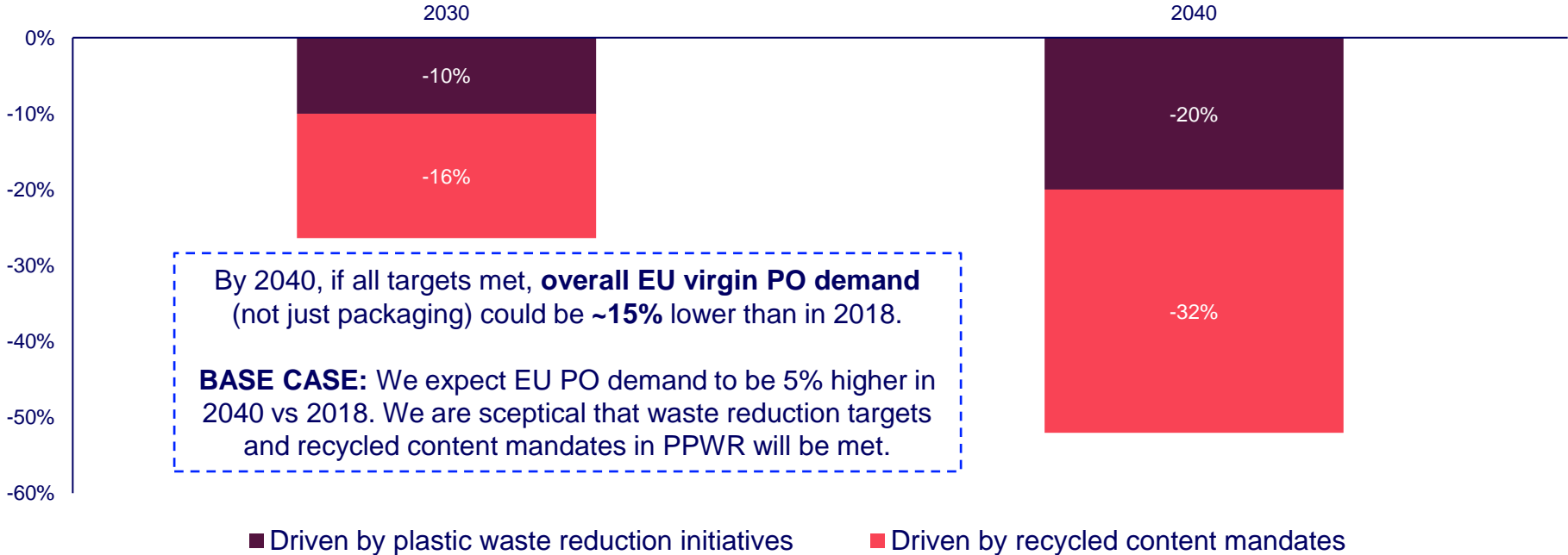
Source: Wood Mackenzie,

- The self-protective trade policies were introduced more often in recent years amid weaken margins and rising geopolitical tensions, including:
 - Anti-dumping duty
 - Safeguard
 - Import quota
 - Quality control measure
- The legislation on virgin plastic usage and recycled content mandates drive down the demand forecast in the packaging and other application sectors.
- Geopolitical tensions all play a huge role in polyolefins trade, in terms of project progress, demand growth and logistics.

Europe's packaging legislation – PPWR – largest risk to virgin PO demand to 2040

EU virgin PO demand in packaging could fall by ~25% by 2030 and ~50% by 2040 vs 2018 levels

Impact of EU's PPWR on Virgin PO Packaging Demand (vs 2018 levels, assuming all objectives achieved as planned)

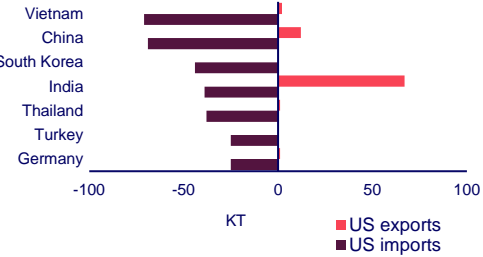


Source: Wood Mackenzie

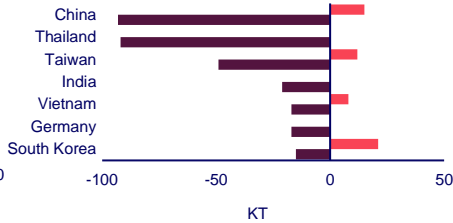
US trade position with key countries pre-High Tariffs

High tariffs on China is expected to shift production to India, boosting its economy

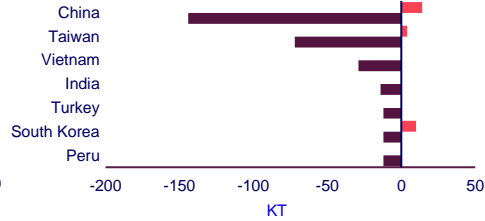
Key trade partners in Agriculture in 2024



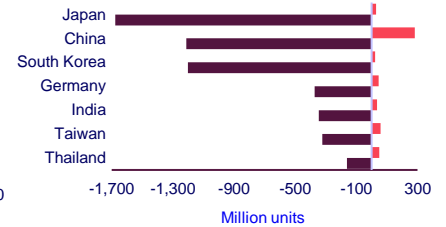
Consumer & institutional



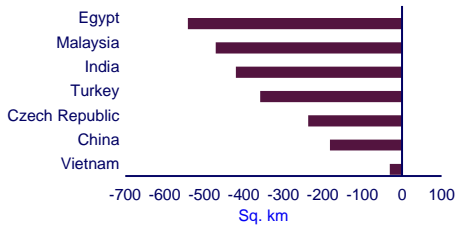
Single-Use Consumer Primary Packaging



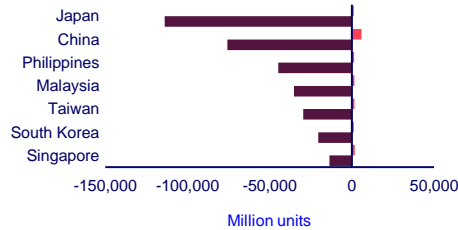
Transport



Textiles & apparels



Other applications



Tariff impact on end-use sectors for key trading countries with US

Countries	Agriculture	Consumer and Institutional	Single Use Consumer Primary Packaging	Transport	Textiles and apparel	Other (electrical)
Germany	Low impact	Low impact	Low impact	High impact	Low impact	Low impact
Turkey	Low impact	Low impact	Moderate impact	Low impact	High impact	Low impact
Thailand	Moderate impact	Moderate impact	Moderate impact	Moderate impact	Low impact	Low impact
India	Low impact	Low impact	High impact	Low impact	High impact	Low impact
South Korea	High impact	Moderate impact	Moderate impact	High impact	Low impact	Moderate impact
China	Moderate impact	Moderate impact	High impact	Low impact	Moderate impact	Moderate impact
Vietnam	Low impact	Low impact	High impact	Low impact	High impact	Low impact
Taiwan	Low impact	High impact	High impact	High impact	Low impact	High impact

- High impact
- Moderate impact
- Low impact

Source: GTT, Wood Mackenzie

Core Impact of US-China Trade War on Polyolefin Market

1. China Supply Chain Restructuring



PE Import Gap and Shift in Sources

US supply in China PE imports (2024)	17%
US PE export to China	Close to zero
Who will fill in the supply gap?	South Korea and Middle East producers Domestic new capacity (Exxon Huizhou and Yulong Petrochemical)

PP Cost Pressure and PDH Operation Challenges

PDH-based PP capacity in China	22%
Heavily relies on US propane import	59%
If tariffs persist, for PDH-based PP	Existing capacity - very very low o/r New projects - delayed

2. Demand Contraction in PE Products



Direct Tariff Impacts

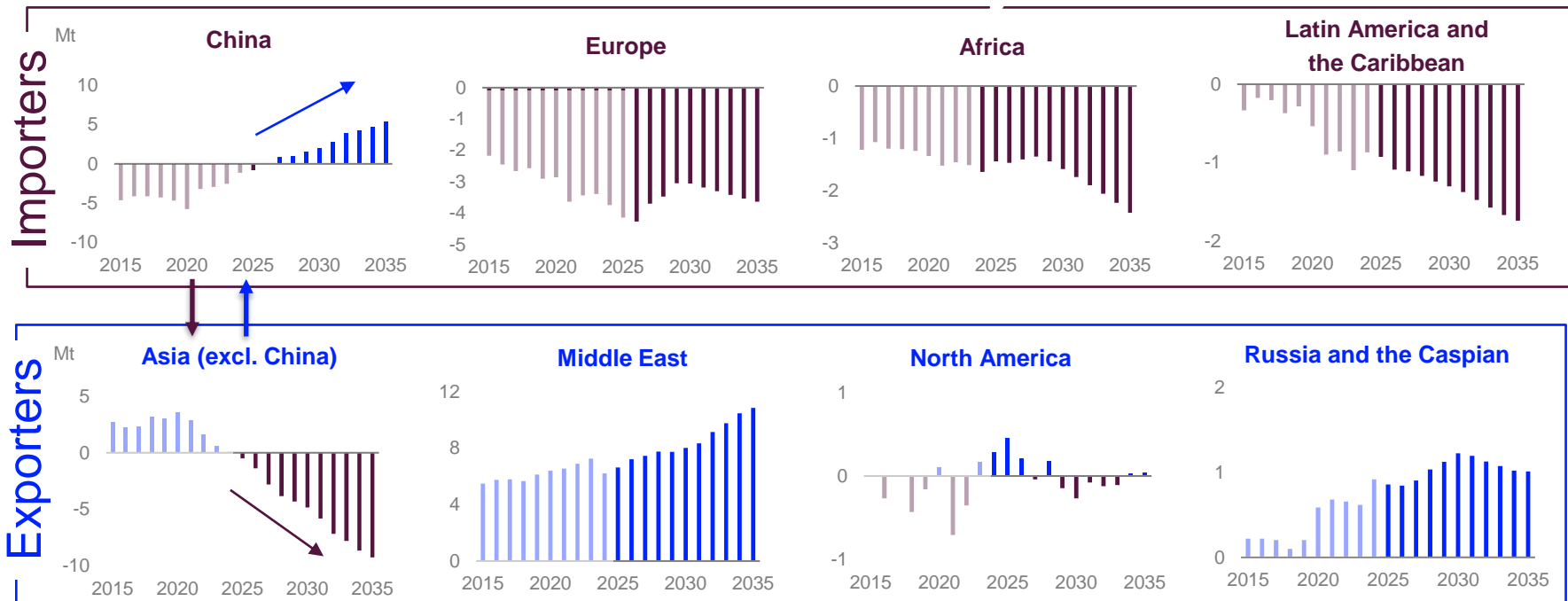
PE demand lost from Chinese export products	300,000-350,000 tons per month Mainly in stretch film and tape
PP demand lost from Chinese export products	~50,000 tons per month

The PE demand lost > US PE supply cut	Cut import and accelerate asset rationalization in China
The PP demand lost < PDH-based PP supply cut	Support PP prices Delay China's trade position change to a net-exporter

2025-2030 Trade flow forecast

Global Polypropylene Trade

China is expected to become a net exporter by 2027, while Asia (excluding China) is projected to shift to a net importer by 2026, driven by strong regional demand growth. Europe, Africa and Latin America to remain net importers.



Key Takeaways

China's fast-growing capacity reshaping the trade market

- The rapid PE capacity growth in China from 2020 will likely to continue for another 4-5 years.
- Despite the PP new investment slowing down post-2027, China's PP trade position is likely to shift to a net exporter in recent years.
- New investment will largely fall into the MTO/CTO route, with better economic and stable feedstock supply.
- Polyolefins producers in the rest of Asia will face cost competitiveness challenges, with increasing pressure from lower-cost imports.

Asian polyolefins asset rationalization likely to continue

- Weak cost competitiveness, aging assets, and slower demand growth in Asia may force polyolefins producers to shut down existing assets.
- Growing plastic bans and regulations are pushing producers to rethink their product portfolios, with increased focus on recycled content.

Trade war V2

- China is expected to lose 300,000–350,000 tons per month in PE demand and around 50,000 tons per month in PP demand, which will also impact final product demand across the rest of Asia.
- The US PE producers are expected to lose significant market share, creating opportunities for non-tariffed countries to gain ground.

Thank you

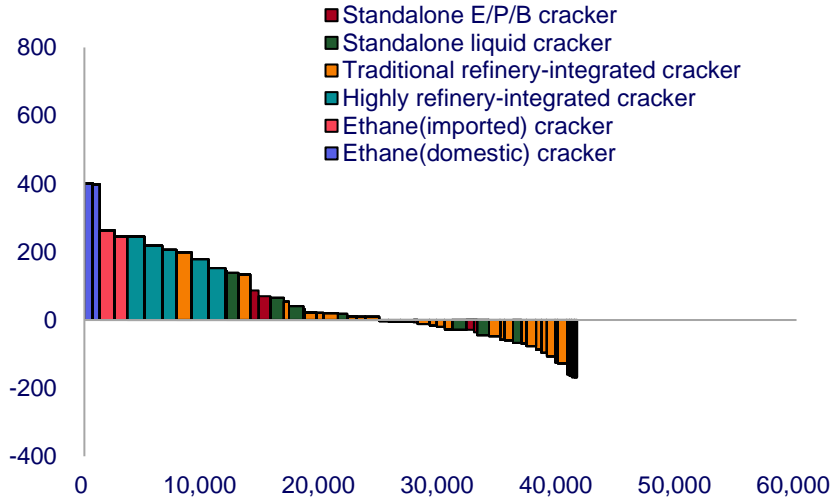
Appendix

China steam cracker margin curve (2024 / 2029)

In 2024, 57% of China's cracker capacity will suffer negative margins; ethane crackers and highly refinery integrated crackers remain competitive. 2029 will see improved margins with some small crackers still in the red

2024 China Ethylene Margin Curve

\$/ton, China Ethylene Margin

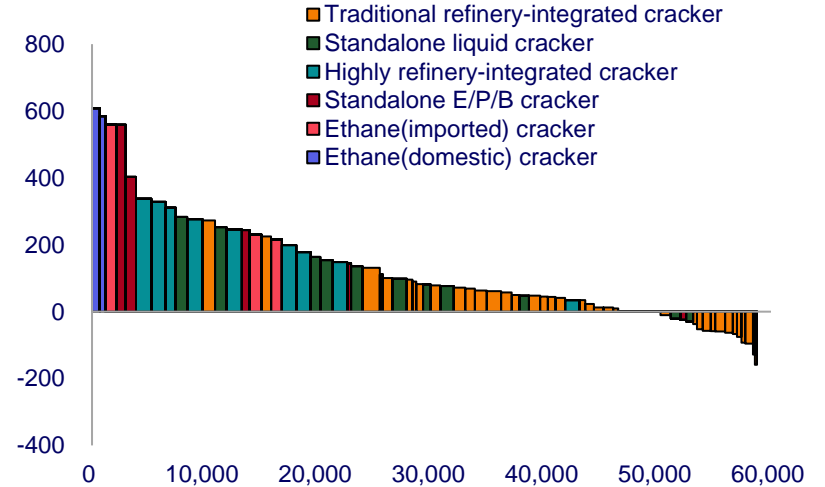


Thousand Tons, 2024 Ethylene Production

Source: Wood Mackenzie Chemicals Ethylene Asset Benchmarking Tool (H2 2024). Values in Nominal Dollars.

2029 China Ethylene Margin Curve

\$/ton, China Ethylene Margin



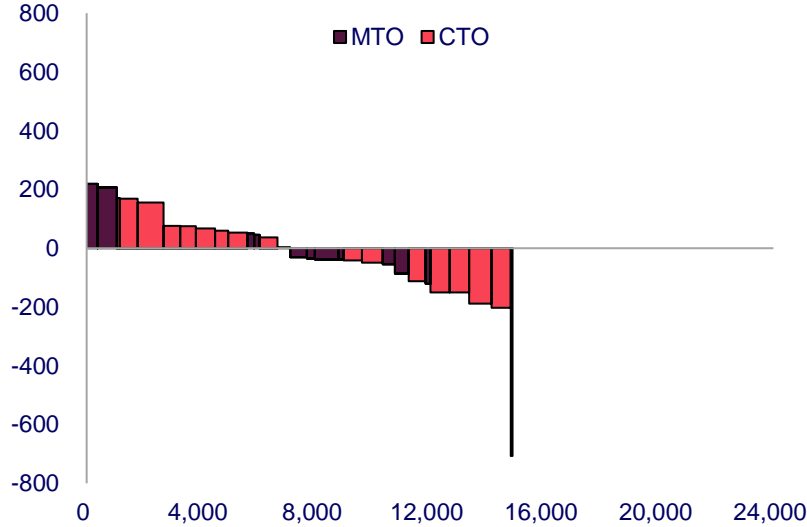
Thousand Tons, 2029 Ethylene Production

China CTO/MTO margin curve (2024 / 2029)

52% of CTOs and MTOs suffered negative margins in 2024 with olefins prices capped by overbuild. CTO margins are expected to largely improve in forecast years with decreasing coal prices and increasing olefin prices. MTO remains uncompetitive with rising methanol prices amid limited methanol investments

2024 China CTO/MTO Olefins Margin Curve

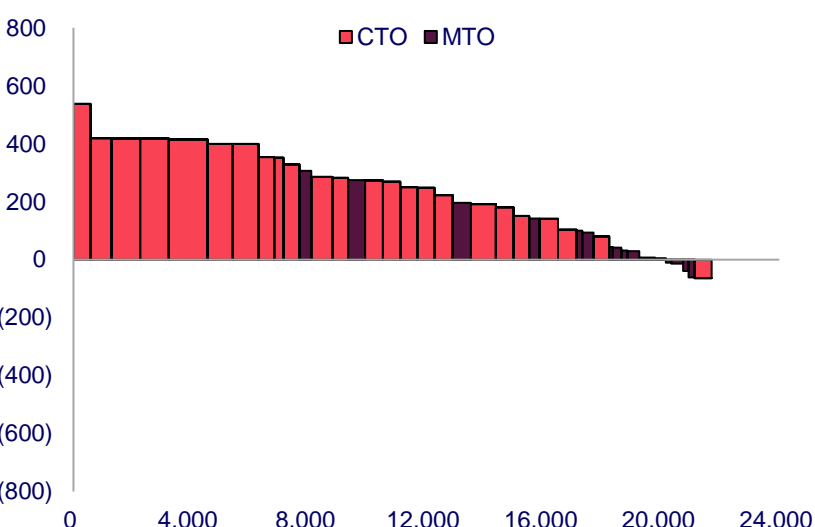
\$/ton olefins, China Olefins Margin



Thousand Tons, 2024 Olefins Production

2029 China CTO/MTO Olefins Margin Curve

\$/ton olefins, China Olefins Margin



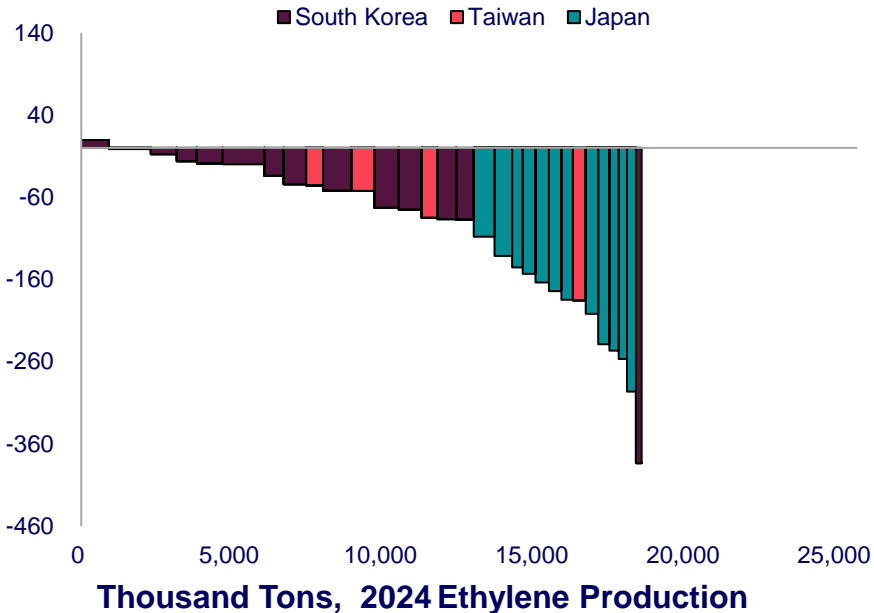
Thousand Tons, 2029 Olefins Production

Source: Wood Mackenzie Chemicals Ethylene Asset Benchmarking Tool (H2 2024). Values in Nominal Dollars.

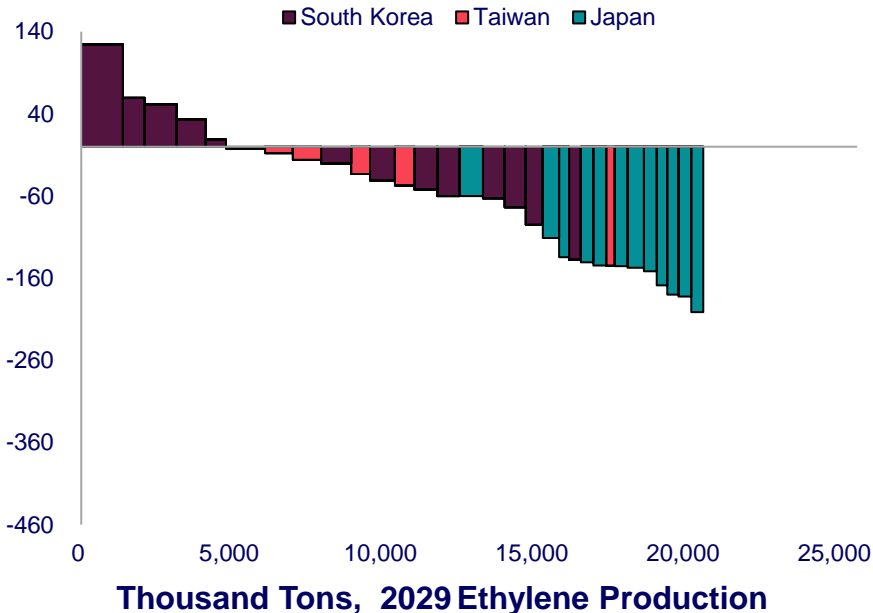
Northeast Asia (ex-China) ethylene margin curve (2024 / 2029)

Margin recovery remains elusive for most producers in Taiwan and Japan by 2029, amplifying rationalisation pressure on the laggards

2024 NE Asia (ex-China) Ethylene Margin Curve
\$/ton, NEA ex-China Ethylene Margin



2029 NE Asia (ex-China) Ethylene Margin Curve
\$/ton, NEA ex-China Ethylene Margin

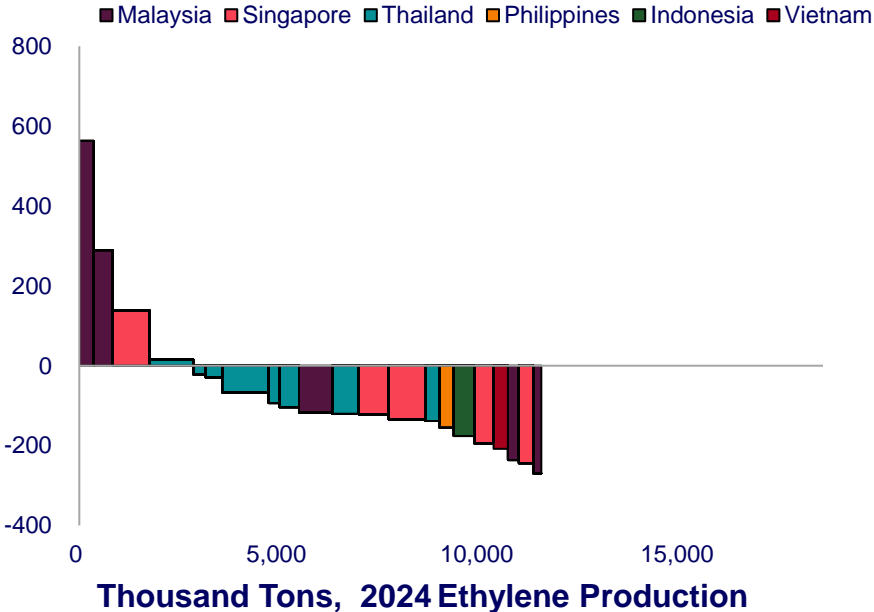


Source: Wood Mackenzie Chemicals Ethylene Asset Benchmarking Tool (H2 2024). Values in Nominal Dollars.

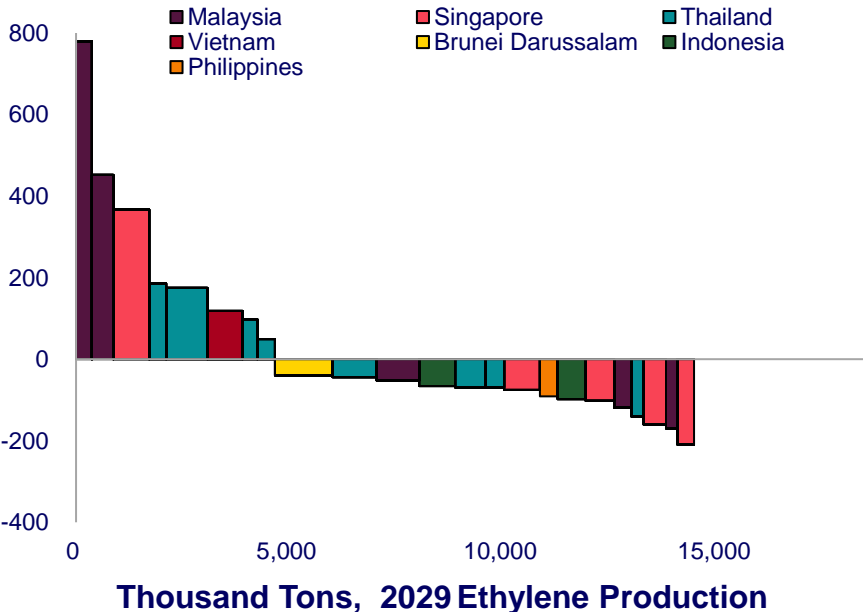
Southeast Asia ethylene margin curve (2024 / 2029)

Despite near-term challenges, ethane and crude oil-to-chemicals crackers will dominate the first quartile when the industry begins to recover in 2029

2024 Southeast Asia Ethylene Margin Curve
 \$/ton, Southeast Asia Ethylene Margin



2029 Southeast Asia Ethylene Margin Curve
 \$/ton, Southeast Asia Ethylene Margin

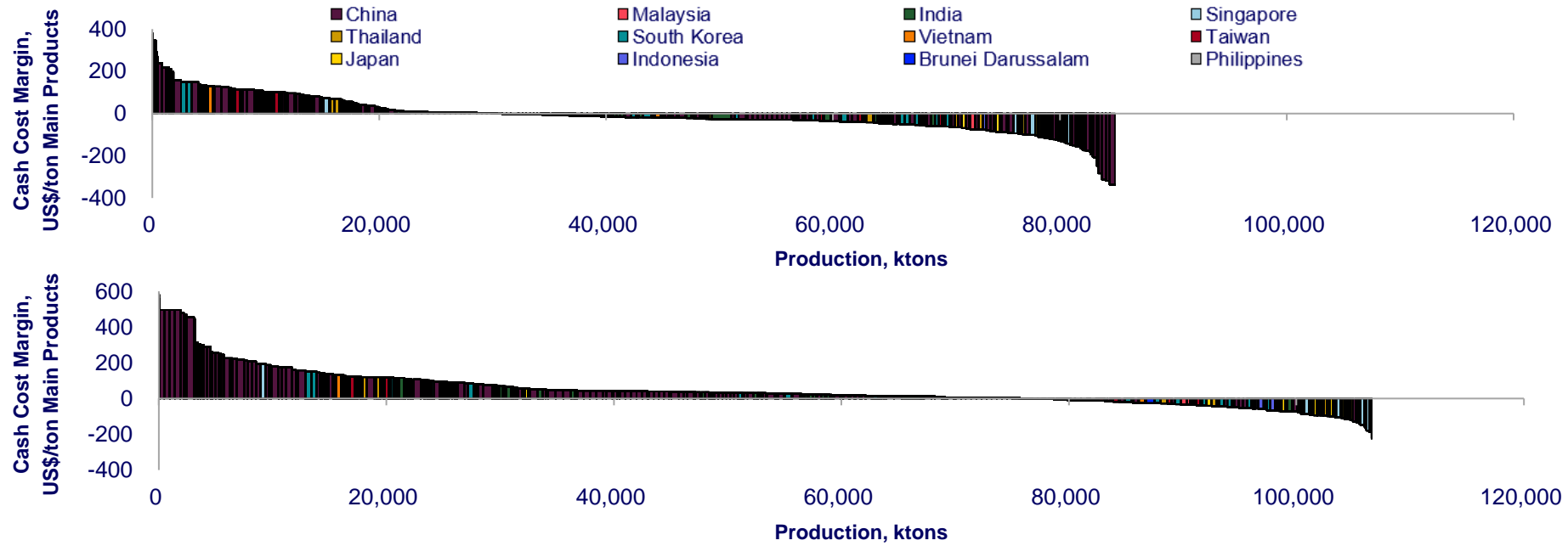


Source: Wood Mackenzie Chemicals Ethylene Asset Benchmarking Tool (H2 2024). Values in Nominal Dollars.

Asia propylene margin curve (2024 / 2029)

2/3 Asia assets suffered negative margins in 2024, Japan and some China assets dominated the negative-margined assets. In 2029 only a limited ratio of assets will have negative margins with industry recovering

Asia propylene margin curve by country, 2024 (top) vs. 2029 (bottom)



Source: Wood Mackenzie Propylene Asset Benchmarking Tool, H2 2024

Chris Liu

Senior Analyst, Asia Polyolefins

Biography

Chris joined Wood Mackenzie's Chemicals Research team as a senior analyst in October 2022. He is responsible for polyolefin product analysis in Asia and update Asset Benchmarking Tools for polyethylene and polypropylene.

Prior to Wood Mackenzie, He worked for S&P Global Platts for 3 years, where he was an editor for various petrochemical products, He was responsible for price assessment, publish news, expand benchmark usage, develop and launch new price assessment. Product coverage include ethylene, polyethylene terephthalate, ethylene dichloride, vinyl chloride and styrene monomer.

Chris graduated from the Iowa State University with a Bachelor's degree in Chemical Engineering.

Connect with Chris



chris.liu@woodmac.com



+65 9721 7986

Disclaimer

These materials, including any updates to them, are published by and remain subject to the copyright of the Wood Mackenzie group ("Wood Mackenzie"), and are made available to clients of Wood Mackenzie under terms agreed between Wood Mackenzie and those clients. The use of these materials is governed by the terms and conditions of the agreement under which they were provided. The content and conclusions contained are confidential and may not be disclosed to any other person without Wood Mackenzie's prior written permission. Wood Mackenzie makes no warranty or representation about the accuracy or completeness of the information and data contained in these materials, which are provided 'as is'. The opinions expressed in these materials are those of Wood Mackenzie, and nothing contained in them constitutes an offer to buy or to sell securities, or investment advice. Wood Mackenzie's products do not provide a comprehensive analysis of the financial position or prospects of any company or entity and nothing in any such product should be taken as comment regarding the value of the securities of any entity. If, notwithstanding the foregoing, you or any other person relies upon these materials in any way, Wood Mackenzie does not accept, and hereby disclaims to the extent permitted by law, all liability for any loss and damage suffered arising in connection with such reliance. Please also note that the laws of certain jurisdictions may prohibit or regulate the dissemination of certain types of information contained in these materials, such as maps, and accordingly it is your responsibility to ensure that any dissemination of such information across national boundaries within your organisation is permitted under the laws of the relevant jurisdiction.

Copyright © 2025, Wood Mackenzie Limited. All rights reserved.



Europe +44 131 243 4477
Americas +1 713 470 1700
Asia Pacific +65 6518 0888
Email contactus@woodmac.com
Website www.woodmac.com

Wood Mackenzie™ is a trusted intelligence provider, empowering decision-makers with unique insight on the world's natural resources. We are a leading research and consultancy business for the global energy, power and renewables, subsurface, chemicals, and metals and mining industries.

For more information visit: [woodmac.com](http://www.woodmac.com)

WOOD MACKENZIE is a trademark of Wood Mackenzie Limited and is the subject of trademark registrations and/or applications in the European Community, the USA and other countries around the world.

